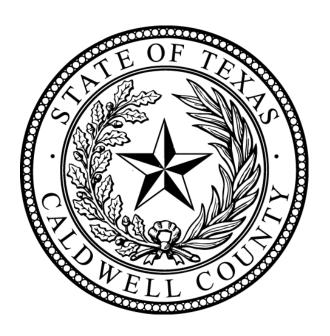
${\it CALDWELL~COUNTY,~TEXAS}$

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



DEPARTMENT ISSUING REPORT

Caldwell County Auditor's Office Danielle Teltow, County Auditor

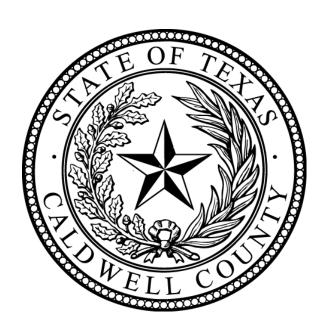


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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

COUNTY JUDGE	HOPPY HADEN
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 1	B.J. WESTMORELAND
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 2	BARBARA SHELTON
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 3	EDWARD THERIOT
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 4	JOE ROLAND
COUNTY AUDITOR	BARBARA GONZALES
COUNTY TREASURER	ANGELA MEUTH RAWLINSON
ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR OF TAXES	DARLA LAW
COUNTY CLERK	TERESA RODRIGUEZ
DISTRICT CLERK	JUANITA ALLEN
SHERIFF	MIKE LANE
COUNTY ATTORNEY	FRED WEBER
COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW JUDGE	BARBARA L. MOLINA

OFFICIAL ISSUING REPORT

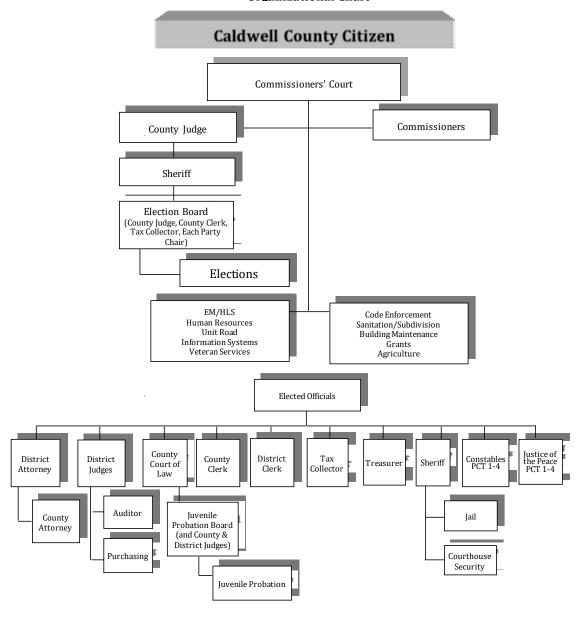
COUNTY AUDITOR

DANIELLE TELTOW

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

CALDWELL COUNTY

Organizational Chart





Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Caldwell County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Caldwell County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes – net pension liability/asset and related ratios, the schedule of County Contributions and related ratios listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedule of changes – net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of County's Contributions because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Caldwell County's basic financial statements. The comparative statements and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of state awards required by the audit requirements of the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards issued by the State Comptroller are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative financial statements and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative financial statements and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2022 on our consideration of Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstong, Vauspin & Associates, P.C.

September 26, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Caldwell County, Texas (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights for Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report financial information about the County as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

- The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2021 by \$39.1 million (net position), an increase from the previous year of 9.7%.
- During the year, the County's expenses were \$27.0 million, which was \$3.4 million less than the \$30.5 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- Total revenue from all sources was \$30.5 million. The primary revenue sources for governmental activities were property (ad valorem) taxes (\$21.3 million), charges for services (\$3.3 million), and sales and other taxes (\$2.6 million). These three revenue sources accounted for 70%, 11%, and 9% respectively, or 90% of total governmental activities revenues.
- Total expenses for governmental activities were \$27.0 million. The largest functional expenses were public safety (\$10.1 million), public transportation (\$4.7 million), and general government (\$4.7 million).

Highlights for Fund Financial Statements

• The fund financial statements report financial information about the County's major, or most significant funds, using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Balance

- The County's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$15.6 million, a increase of \$421 thousand from September 30, 2020.
- Of the total fund balance for General Fund (\$15.6 million), the unassigned fund balance of \$14.1 million equals 9 months of the 2021 general fund expenditures.

Highlights on Revenue

Sales Tax

• Sales tax collections for the fiscal year were \$2.6 million, which were 10.6% higher than the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

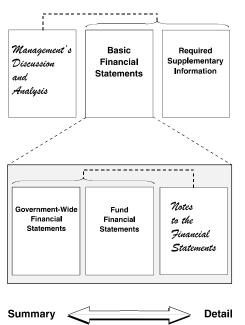
This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as self-funded employee medical insurance.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resource measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County and all liabilities. Additionally, certain adjustments have occurred to eliminate interfund transactions.

The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the County's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the County include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, judicial, public safety, infrastructure, etc. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The County establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The County's net position was \$39.1 million at September 30, 2021. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1Caldwell County's Net Position

Sample S		Governmental					
ASSETS Cash and Investments \$ 30,823,879 \$ 25,410,661 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible): Taxes 2,324,898 2,204,470 Fines 697,166 704,142 Sales Tax 463,581 548,855 Intergovernmental 525,115 1,167,696 Accounts 113,765 18,765 Prepaid Items 81,729 70,008 18,729 70,008 Inventory 153,007 58,899 Not Receivable 1,500,000 - 58,899 Net Pension Asset - 522,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 28,509,540 59,235,092 50,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092 20,235,092				ivities	2020		
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Accounts							
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Deferred Outflows - Pension Related 1,703,182 607,164 Deferred Outflows - Charge on Refunding 56,991 60,791 1,760,173 667,955 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 4,507,712 3,117,467 Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable 228,190 326,477 Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: 92,473 Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION:	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows - Charge on Refunding 56,991 60,791 1,760,173 667,955 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 4,507,712 3,117,467 Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable 228,190 326,477 Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Deferred Outflows - Pension Related		1,703,182		607,164		
1,760,173 667,955 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 4,507,712 3,117,467 Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable 228,190 326,477 Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Separate Head of the Colombian Separate Head of Separate Head of Separate Head of Separate Head Separate Head of Separate Head of Separate Head Separate Head Separate Head of Separate Head Separ							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 4,507,712 3,117,467 Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable 228,190 326,477 Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 29,115,656 23,948,456 Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377		-		-			
Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable 228,190 326,477 Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	LIABILITIES	•					
Compensated Absences 597,260 584,364 Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Accounts Payable		4,507,712		3,117,467		
Interest Payable 88,058 92,262 Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable		228,190		326,477		
Deferred Grant Revenue 4,896,666 - Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Compensated Absences		597,260		584,364		
Due to Other Governments 493,544 924,473 Noncurrent Liabilities: 498,412 - Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Interest Payable		88,058		92,262		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Deferred Grant Revenue		4,896,666		-		
Net Pension Liability 498,412 - Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Due to Other Governments		493,544		924,473		
Due Within One Year 1,127,599 1,097,599 Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due in More Than One Year 16,678,215 17,805,814 TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Net Pension Liability		498,412		-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES 29,115,656 23,948,456 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 805,269 692,377 Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Due Within One Year		1,127,599		1,097,599		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 805,269 692,377 Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377	Due in More Than One Year		16,678,215		17,805,814		
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 692,377	TOTAL LIABILITIES		29,115,656		23,948,456		
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related 805,269 692,377 NET POSITION: 805,269 692,377							
805,269 692,377 NET POSITION:			005.060		(02.277		
NET POSITION:	Deterred Inflows - Pension Related			-			
	NET POSITION:	•	603,209	-	092,377		
Net Investment in Capital Assets 13.6/8.3/0 13.10/364	Net Investment in Capital Assets		13,678,370		13,102,564		
Restricted Net Position 7,185,794 8,579,980	-						
Unrestricted Net Position 18,250,920 13,579,670							
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 39,115,084 \$ 35,262,214		\$		\$			

The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39.1 million at the close of the current fiscal year. Of this amount, \$13.7 million represents the portion the County has invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt used to construct or acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these funds are not available for future spending.

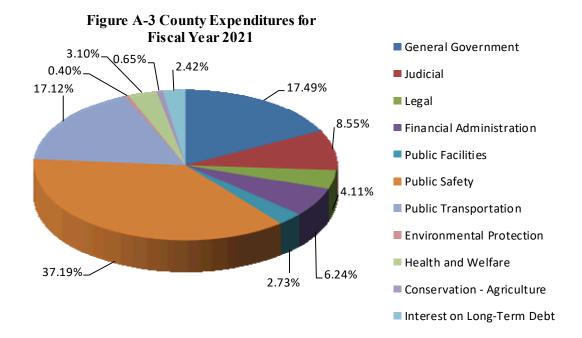
Statement of Activities

Table A-2 indicates changes in net position for governmental activities. (Note: The County does not have any business-type activities.)

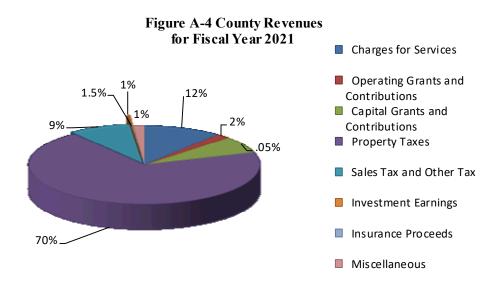
Table A-2 Changes in Caldwell County's Net Position

	Governmental					
		Acti	vities			
		2021		2020		
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	3,305,979	\$	3,579,867		
Operating Grants and Contributions		603,461		1,748,546		
Capital Grants and Contributions		2,143,702		139,812		
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes		21,273,142		20,339,115		
Sales Tax and Other Tax		2,620,203		2,368,808		
Investment Earnings		45,707		240,161		
Insurance Proceeds		35,812		474,143		
Miscellaneous		463,796		311,087		
Total Revenues		30,491,802		29,201,539		
Expenses:						
General Government		4,729,728		3,670,463		
Judicial		2,311,195		2,336,746		
Legal		1,112,244		1,027,650		
Financial Administration		1,688,830		1,595,311		
Public Facilities		737,618		605,898		
Public Safety		10,058,634		9,400,782		
Public Transportation		4,630,887		6,218,621		
Environmental Protection		107,190		95,078		
Health and Welfare		837,211		1,032,956		
Conservation - Agriculture		176,406		159,241		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		653,133		662,318		
Total Expenses		27,043,076		26,805,064		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		3,448,726		2,396,475		
Net Position at Beginning of Year		35,262,214		32,865,739		
Prior Period Adjustment		404,144				
Net Position at End of Year	\$	39,115,084	\$	35,262,214		

Expenditures. The total cost of all programs and services was \$27.1 million (see Figure A-3).



- General Government includes County Court, Commissioners' Court, County Clerk, Information Technology, Non Departmental, Human Resources, County Auditor, Treasurer, Tax Office, Maintenance, and Airport.
- Judicial includes County Judge, County Court at Law, Court Compliance, District Courts, Crime Victims' Rights, District Attorneys, District Clerk, Justice of the Peace, County Attorney, Juvenile Probation, and Adult Probation.
- Legal includes the County Law Library.
- Financial Administration includes the Treasurer and Auditor's Offices.
- Public Facilities includes Jail and Juvenile Detention.
- Public Safety includes Constables, Sheriff and Department of Public Safety.
- Public Transportation includes roads and bridges.
- Environmental Protection includes Environmental Health
- Health and Welfare includes Health & Emergency Services, Animal Control, Fire Protection and Indigent Health.
- Conservation includes Agriculture



Revenues. The County's total revenues were \$30.5 million. A significant portion, 79%, of the County's revenue comes from taxes, including primarily property tax and sales tax. (See Figure A-4.) Other revenue sources include 11% from charges for services.

Changes in Net Position. Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the County's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$27.0 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$21.3 million and \$2.6 million through sales tax.
- The cost paid by those who directly benefited from the programs was \$3.3 million.
- The total received by the County for grants and contributions was \$2.1 million.

Table A-3Net Cost of Selected County Functions

	Total Cost of				Net Cost of				
		Services							
		2021	2020		2020 2021			2020	
General Government	\$	4,729,728	\$	3,670,463	\$	(1,807,830)	\$	(1,749,919)	
Judicial		2,311,195		2,336,746		(311,781)		(449,841)	
Legal		1,112,244		1,027,650		(1,090,875)		(995,225)	
Financial Administration		1,688,830		1,595,311		(1,671,284)		(1,579,940)	
Public Facilities		737,618		605,898		(737,618)		(605,898)	
Public Safety		10,058,634		9,400,782		(9,609,108)		(8,445,108)	
Public Transportation		4,630,887		6,218,621		(4,531,558)		(6,030,889)	
Environmental Protection		107,190		95,078		436,870		374,496	
Health and Welfare		837,211		1,032,956		(837,211)		(1,032,956)	
Conservation - Agriculture		176,406		159,241		(176,406)		(159,241)	
Interest and Bond Issuance Costs		653,133		662,318		(653,133)		(662,318)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance approximating \$23.7 million, an increase of \$229 thousand in comparison with the prior year.

The County's major general governmental funds are contained in the General Fund, Unit Road Fund, COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund and Building Construction Fund.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. The total fund balance for general fund was \$15.6 million with the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund at \$14.1 million.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance for fiscal year 2021 represents 72% of total General Fund actual expenditures. This significant fund balance to total expenditure ratio indicates a healthy financial position.

Expenditures in the General Fund increased by approximately \$1.6 million or about 9% over the prior year. Increases in the majority of functions are a result of an across the board cost of living pay increase and increased expenditures in different classifications as needed.

Unit Road Fund. The Unit Road Fund is the primary fund responsible for maintaining County roads. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the Unit Road Fund was \$2.9 million, an increase over the previous fiscal year by \$893 thousand or 44%.

Building Construction Fund. The Building Construction Fund accounts for disbursements for the County's major projects.

COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund. This fund consists of funds received from the Federal Government for infrastructure and other COVID related items.

Budgetary Highlights

The County revised its original budget for the general fund several times to adjust for changes resulting in an overall increase of \$424 thousand in revenues and increase of \$397 thousand in expenses. As part of the budget revisions, increases were made to the other revenue and the related expenditures based on the source of the funds.

Additionally, the County revised its original budget for the Unit Road fund several times to adjust for changes resulting in an overall decrease of \$79 thousand in revenues and decrease of \$68 thousand in expenses. As part of the budget revisions, increases were made to intergovernmental revenue and the related expenditures based on the source of the funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the County had invested \$63 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$3.3 million or 6.0% percent more than last year.

Table A-4County's Capital Assets

	Governmental						
	Activities						
				2020			
Land	\$	584,029	\$	584,029			
Infrastructure		15,052,589		14,357,000			
Buildings and Improvements		32,131,378		29,790,151			
Equipment, Machinery and Furniture		14,337,331		14,626,534			
Construction In Progress		1,283,051		702,368			
Totals at Historical Cost		63,388,378		60,060,082			
Total Accumulate Depreciation		(32,795,682)		(31,550,542)			
Net Capital Assets	\$	30,592,696	\$	28,509,540			

Note: More detailed information on capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements (NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS).

Long Term Debt

At year-end the County had \$17.6 million in bonds and notes outstanding as shown in Table A-5.

Table A-5County's Long Term Debt

	Governmental Activities					
	2021 202			2020		
Limited Tax Refund Bonds, Series 2014	\$	6,135,000	\$	6,600,000		
Combined Limited Pledged Revenue		5.055.000		5 055 000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019		5,955,000 2,680,000		5,955,000 3,105,000		
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue		2,000,000		3,103,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020		2,815,000		-		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	17,585,000	\$	15,660,000		

Bond Ratings

The County's bonds presently carry "AA" ratings with underlying ratings as follows: Standard & Poors "AA".

Note: More detailed information on capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements (NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

With several major developments planned for the area, Caldwell County is poised for continued growth in the tax base over the next several years. Investments in infrastructure will be required as well as a cohesive strategy for managing this growth.

Caldwell County is experiencing the same economic issues that other counties are in the state of Texas with Senate Bill 2 and continued population growth. These two major concerns will have to be taken into consideration when working with the FY 2022 budget.

Some key factors to consider in the upcoming future budgets:

With anticipated growth in the rural areas of Caldwell County there will be significant needs throughout the County.

Caldwell County is proactively preparing by strategically planning through a budget-neutral energy savings performance contracting program that will have a positive impact on major improvements for facilities County-wide.

Although Caldwell County is designated as economically disadvantaged, this has its benefits. They include, the county being the recipient of over fifteen (15) grants with some of the more material funding mechanisms coming from FEMA, GLO, SH130 Concession funds. Capital Improvement Projects of maintaining the infrastructure of the roads after receiving thirteen (13) of the fifteen (15) road projects completed after receipt of funds from Hurricane Harvey FEMA funds and capital from issuing debt to procure the equipment are major ongoing improvements.

Other strategic planning will be aligned with performance measures on departmental budgets assisting in the accountability of overall performance and maintenance of budget versus actual revenues and/or expenditures within budgets to assist in maintaining the above factors.

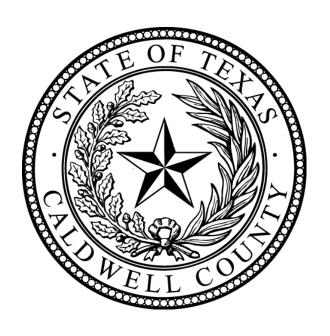
Caldwell County continues funding Unit Road's new projects such as repairs of bridges and mowing contracts. Caldwell County fleet funding mechanism needs are maintained through a systematic retention and replacement of county wide vehicles.

Continued increase in health insurance due to rising health care costs of County employees continues to be a priority for the County.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office at:

Caldwell County, Texas Office of County Auditor Main Historic Courthouse 110 South Main Caldwell, Texas 78644 (512) 398-1801



CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds
 - Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental			
	Activities			
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	30,823,879		
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible):				
Taxes		2,324,898		
Fines		697,166		
Sales Tax		463,581		
Intergovernmental		525,115		
Accounts		113,765		
Prepaid Items		81,729		
Inventory		153,007		
Note Receivable		1,500,000		
Capital Assets:				
Land		584,029		
Infrastructure, net		1,595,211		
Buildings, net		22,281,043		
Machinery and Equipment, net		4,849,362		
Construction in Progress		1,283,051		
TOTAL ASSETS		67,275,836		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows - Pension Related		1,703,182		
Deferred Outflows - Charge on Refunding		56,991		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,760,173		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,507,712		
Wages, Salaries & Benefits Payable	228,190		
Compensated Absences	597,260		
Interest Payable	88,058		
Unearned Grant Revenue	4,896,666		
Due to Other Governments	493,544		
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	498,412		
Due Within One Year	1,127,599		
Due in More Than One Year	16,678,215		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	29,115,656		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related	805,269		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	805,269		
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,678,370		
Restricted Net Position:			
Debt Service	983,716		
Road and Bridge Maintenance	2,763,116		
Judicial	511,151		
Legal	31,250		
Public Safety	151,567		
Records Management	269,790		
Sheriff	48,789		
Contractual Obligation	2,426,415		
Unrestricted Net Position	18,250,920		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 39,115,084		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Program Revenues					
Functions and Programs	 Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital irants and ntributions
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 4,729,728	\$	535,660	\$	256,817	\$	2,129,421
Judicial	2,311,195		1,785,290		214,124		-
Legal	1,112,244		21,369		-		-
Financial Administration	1,688,830		17,546		-		-
Public Facilities	737,618		-		-		-
Public Safety	10,058,634		317,006		132,520		-
Public Transportation	4,630,887		85,048		-		14,281
Environmental Protection	107,190		544,060		-		-
Health and Welfare	837,211		-		-		-
Conservation - Agriculture	176,406		_		-		-
Interest and Bond Issuance Costs	 653,133						
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 27,043,076	\$	3,305,979	\$	603,461	\$	2,143,702

General Revenues:

Taxes

General Property Taxes

Unit Road Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Interest and Investment Earnings

Insurance Proceeds

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

\$ (1,807,830) (311,781) (1,090,875) (1,671,284) (737,618) (9,609,108) (4,531,558) 436,870 (837,211) (176,406) (653,133) (20,989,934)

2,620,203 45,707 35,812 463,796 24,438,660

3,448,726

20,863,903 409,239

35,262,214

404,144

\$ 39,115,084

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

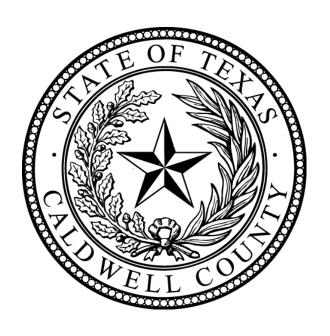
				Unit
	General	E	Building	Road
	Fund	Coı	nstruction	 Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,255,909	\$	897,502	\$ 3,375,890
Taxes Receivable, net	2,139,987		-	488
Fines Receivables, net	697,166		-	-
Sales Tax Receivable	475,158		-	-
Intergovernmental Receivables	140,647		-	4,587
Accounts Receivables	113,765		-	-
Notes Receivable	1,500,000		-	-
Due from Other Funds	488,692		-	152,434
Inventories	-		-	144,295
Prepaid Items	78,760			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,890,084	\$	897,502	\$ 3,677,694

COVID	Other			
Relief	Nonmajor	Total		
Program	Governmental	Governmental		
ARPA Fund	Funds	Funds		
\$ 4,241,537	\$ 5,053,042	\$ 30,823,880		
=	184,423	2,324,898		
=	-	697,166		
-	-	475,158		
=	368,304	513,538		
-	-	113,765		
=	=	1,500,000		
-	-	641,126		
-	-	144,295		
	11,681	90,441		
\$ 4,241,537	\$ 5,617,450	\$ 37,324,267		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

General Fund	Building Construction	Unit Road Fund	
\$ 3,625,397	\$ 6.014	\$ 769,811	
	-	-	
•	-	_	
•	-	-	
•	-	-	
	6,014	769,811	
2,022,324	-	472	
697,166			
2,719,490		472	
1,578,760	_	144,295	
	-		
, ,			
=	-	-	
=	891,488	-	
-	-	2,763,116	
-	-	-	
-	-	-	
-	-	-	
=	-	-	
-	-	-	
15,641,409	891,488	2,907,411	
\$ 22,890,084	\$ 897,502	\$ 3,677,694	
	\$ 3,625,397 228,190 493,544 152,434 29,620 4,529,185 2,022,324 697,166 2,719,490 1,578,760 14,062,649	Fund Construction \$ 3,625,397 \$ 6,014 228,190 - 493,544 - 152,434 - 29,620 - 4,529,185 6,014 2,022,324 - 697,166 - 2,719,490 - - - </td	

COVID Relief Program ARPA Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	Total l Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 106,487	\$ 4,507,709
φ -	\$ 100,467	228,190
-	-	493,544
1,258	487,434	641,126
4,240,610	626,436	4,896,666
4,241,868	1,220,357	10,767,235
.,211,000		
-	175,869	2,198,665
		697,166
	175,869	2,895,831
(331)	11,681 (68,333)	1,734,736 13,993,985
_	838,914	838,914
_	-	891,488
-	-	2,763,116
-	511,151	511,151
_	31,250	31,250
_	151,567	151,567
-	269,790	269,790
-	48,789	48,789
	2,426,415	2,426,415
(331)	4,221,224	23,661,201
\$ 4,241,537	\$ 5,617,450	\$ 37,324,267



CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 23,661,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	30,592,696
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,895,827
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows - Charge on Refunding Accrued Compensated Absences (597,260) Accrued Interest (88,058) Bonds and Premium Payable (17,805,814) The governmental funds report pension and other postemployment benefit	(18,434,141)
contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the statement of activities differences between pension plan and other postemployment benefit contributions and costs for the year are reported as an asset or obligation.	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) (498,412)	
Deferred Outflows - Pension Related 1,703,182	
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related (805,269)	 399,501
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 39,115,084

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Unit	
	General	Building	Road Fund	
	Fund	Construction		
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 19,629,249	\$ -	\$ 2,959	
Other Taxes	2,611,974	-	-	
Intergovernmental Revenue	33,003	-	14,281	
Fees of Office	1,229,070	-	-	
Fines	655,400	-	-	
Licenses and Permits	560,680	-	826,479	
Investment Earnings	38,122	2,618	-	
Miscellaneous Revenue	398,818		-	
TOTAL REVENUES	25,156,316	2,618	843,719	
EXPENDITURES				
General Administration	3,629,684	-	-	
Judicial	1,999,141	-	-	
Legal	587,285	-	-	
Financial Administration	1,742,608	-	-	
Public Facilities	695,778	10,743	-	
Public Safety	9,672,023	-	-	
Public Transportation	257,603		4,000,600	
Environmental Protection	95,493	-	-	
Health and Welfare	614,164	-	-	
Conservation - Agriculture	170,285	-	-	
Capital Outlay	-	2,536,032	-	
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,464,064	2,546,775	4,000,600	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 5,692,252	\$ (2,544,157)	\$ (3,156,881)	

COVID		Other					
Re	Relief		Nonmajor		Total		
Program		Go	Governmental		Governmental		
ARPA	Fund		Funds		Funds		
\$	-	\$	1,118,464	\$	20,750,672		
	-		-		2,611,974		
	-		2,606,622		2,653,906		
	298		286,261		1,515,629		
			-		655,400		
	-		-		1,387,159		
	-		4,544		45,284		
			9,103		407,921		
	298		4,024,994		30,027,945		
	-		762,115		4,391,799		
	-		67,829		2,066,970		
	-	-			587,285		
	-	-			1,742,608		
	-	-			706,521		
	-	36,452			9,708,475		
	-		17,100	4,275,303			
	-		-		95,493		
	-		1,322,779		1,936,943		
	-		-		170,285		
	-		-		2,536,032		
	-		1,075,000		1,075,000		
	=		542,421		542,421		
			3,823,696	29,835,135			
	<u></u>						
\$	298	\$	201,298	\$	192,810		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

						Unit
	General		Building		Road	
		Fund		ruction		Fund
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	\$	12,417	\$	-	\$	4,049,998
Transfers Out	((5,319,090)		-		-
Insurance Proceeds		35,812				-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)		(5,270,861)				4,049,998
Net Change in Fund Balance		421,391	(2,	544,157)		893,117
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1	4,815,874	3,	435,645		2,014,294
Prior Period Adjustment		404,144				<u>-</u>
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1	5,641,409	\$	891,488	\$	2,907,411

CC	OVID					
Re	Relief Nonmajor		Total			
Pro	gram	Governmental Governme		vernmental		
ARPA	Fund		Funds		Funds	
\$	-	\$	1,269,092	\$	5,331,507	
	-		(12,417)		(5,331,507)	
			<u>-</u>		35,812	
			1,256,675		35,812	
	298		1,457,973		228,622	
	(629)		2,763,251		23,028,435	
			<u>-</u>		404,144	
\$	(331)	\$	4,221,224	\$	23,661,201	

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 228,622
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Current Year Additions	4,012,650	
Current Year Disposals	(35,311)	
Current Period Depreciation	(1,894,182)	2,083,157
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in Property Taxes Receivable Not Collected within 60 Days of Year End	116,190	
Accrued District and County Court Fines Receivable	(7,008)	109,182
The issuance of long-term-debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.		
Bond Principal Payments and Capital Lease Payments	1,075,000	
Amortization of Premium	22,599	1,097,599
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Compensated Absences	(12,896)	
Amortization of Bond Discount	(3,800)	
Interest Payable	4,204	(12,492)
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount		
that the actuarially determined pension expense exceeded contributions.		 (57,342)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 3,448,726

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds			
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,985,329		
Intergovernmental Revenues		1,296,250		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,281,579		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	699		
Due to County		168		
Due to Other Governments		16,262		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,129		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, Organizations and other Governments		7,264,450		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	7,281,579		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	(Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Interest income	\$	6,002
Court Deposits Held for Others		3,934,603
Transfers in from DA Discretionary		27,450
Other Transfers In		6,980
HOT Check Payments and Prosecutor Fees		295
Property Seizures		36,438
Collections for State Motor Vehicle and Sales Tax		14,829
Donations		444
Commissions for Commisary Sales for the benefit of Inmates		421,033
Deposits held on Behalf of Inmates		741,549
Transfer In To Other Tust Acct		4,693
Deposits held on Behalf of Elections		4,221
TOTAL ADDITIONS		5,170,445
DEDUCTIONS		
Distribution to DA Payroll		27,450
Dsitribution to County Clerk (Restitution?)		13,928
Distribution to the State		2,096
Court Related Distribution		1,524,899
Distribution to Federal Government		11,306
HOT Check Disbursements		2,515
Property Seizure Refunds and Forfeitures		30,653
Other Distributions		19,919
Jail Commissary Purchases for the Benefit of Inmates		337,444
Distributions on Behalf of Inmates		733,061
Transfer Out To Other Trust Acct		4,693
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		2,707,963
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position		2,462,482
Beginning Net Position		-
Prior Period Adjustment		4,801,968
Ending Net Position	\$	7,264,450

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below:

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

Caldwell County (the County) is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners' Court, which is made up of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g. administration, judicial & legal, elections administration, and financial administration), public safety (fire protection, law enforcement and corrections), infrastructure (highways and streets), social services and conservation.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County (except for County fiduciary activity). The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and charges for services.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund, Unit Road (Special Revenue) Fund, COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund and Building Construction Fund meet the criteria as *major governmental funds*. Each major fund is reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue and Debt Service funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within Combining Fund Statements and Schedules.

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Major revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. However, sales tax is considered collectible for only 30 days.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued.)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, social services, and capital acquisition.

<u>Unit Road Fund</u> accounts for taxes assessed, along with fines and forfeitures associated with the support of the development and maintenance of County highways, streets and bridges.

<u>COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund.</u> This fund consists of funds received from the Federal Government for infrastructure and other COVID related items.

<u>Building Construction Fund</u> accounts for money transferred from the general fund and the bond proceeds to account for construction projects.

Nonmajor funds include special revenue and debt service funds.

Fiduciary fund level financial statements are used to account for resources held on behalf of others. These include fiduciary funds which are classified into private purpose trust and agency funds. Agency funds do not involve a formal trust agreement. Agency funds are custodial in nature.

4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include amounts in demand deposits, short-term certificates of deposit with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government, and deposits in local government investment pools.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, federal agency and instrumentality obligations, and certificates of deposit collateralized by obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Investments are stated at amortized cost, except for deposits in local government investment pools and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1st and past due after January 31st. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

6. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements.

7. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories of consumable supplies are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and in the fund financial statements are offset by a reservation of fund balance which indicates they do not represent "available spendable resources".

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, such as equipment, are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include County-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

8. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years

9. DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category: deferred pension related costs which will be included in the subsequent actuarial valuation.

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The County has deferred pension in OPEB related revenues which will be included in subsequent actuarial valuation. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax and court fines is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resource in the period the amounts become available.

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory benefits. When an employee leaves the service of the county for any reason other than gross misconduct, he or she will be paid for all accrued but unused vacation leave upon retirement. Vacation for full-time employees can be accrued up to 240 hours and for Law Enforcement up to 360 hours. The rate of pay will be determined by the salary rate in effect at the time of separation. Unused sick leave may be accumulated to certain limits. In the event of termination, no reimbursement is made for accumulated sick leave. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

11. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

12. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

13. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

14. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred outflows related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS), and additions to and deductions from TCDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – pre-paid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

15. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u>. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u>. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Commissioners' Court – the government's highest level of decision making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (by adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the County's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances are established by the County commissioners through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of property and equipment, construction, debt service or other purposes.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u>. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – in order as needed.

Negative fund balances existed in the COVID Relief Program ARPA Fund, the Justice Court Technology Fund and the Law Library. These will be addressed by reducing the expenses in these funds as well as possible transfers from the General fund.

16. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

17. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

18. COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative data for the prior year has been provided for the General Fund and Unit Road Fund in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operation of these funds.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2020 financial statements to conform to the 2021 financial statement presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in financial position.

19. PRIVATE SECTOR GUIDANCE

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business type activities subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d).

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)

Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. Investments in local government investment pools are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. All investments are valued at fair value. The County investments are as follows:

		Days to
I	Fair Value	Maturity
\$	3,795,324	49
	1,207,894	41
	20,050,450	36
\$	25,053,668	
	\$	1,207,894 20,050,450

Investment Rate Risk. The County manages investment rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments to less than one year.

Credit Risk. The County's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities; direct obligation of the State of Texas, the principle and interest that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by this state or state rated as to investment quality of not less than AAA by a nationally recognized investment rating firm.

The County may also invest its funds in state law authorized government investment pools provided the pool maintains an AAA rating, the pool maintains a stable asset value, and the average dollar weighted maturity does not exceed 90 days, and Commissioners' Court must approve of the investment. As of September 30, 2021, the investment in TexPool was rated AAAm.

The County may also invest in certificates of deposit or share certificates issued by a depository institution which has its main office or a branch office in this state and is guaranteed or insured by FDIC or the NCUSIC, or is secured by collateral or other method provided for by state law.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investment. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2021, the County's investments were held in government investment pools.

NOTE C – RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following as of September 30, 2021:

				Othe	r Nonmajor
				Gov	ernmental
	General	Unit R	load Fund		Funds
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 2,314,378	\$	488	\$	184,423
Property Tax Allowance	(174,391)		=		=
Court Fines and Fees Receivable	14,075,872		=		=
Court Fines and Fees Allowance	(13,378,706)		=		=
Sales Tax Receivable	475,158		=		=
Intergovernmental Receivables	140,647		4,587		368,304
Accounts Recievable	113,765				-
	\$ 3,452,958	\$	5,075	\$	552,727

The County has a Notes Receivable from the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation in the amount of \$1.5 million. There is no interest charged and payments will be made as the Economic Development Corporation sells land.

NOTE D – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Receivable]	Payable	
General Fund	\$	488,692	\$	152,434	
Unit Fund		152,434		-	
COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund		=		1,258	
Nonmajor Fund		<u>-</u>		487,434	
	\$	641,126	\$	641,126	

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Transfer Out	Trans fer In	Transfers		Purpose
General Fund	Unit Road Fund	\$	4,049,998	Property Tax Revenue
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds		1,269,092	Supplement Other Funding
Nonmajor Funds	General Funds		12,417	Supplement Other Funding
	Total	\$	5,331,507	

NOTE E - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable in full by the following January 31. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also the taxes for several other taxing agencies. The County acts only as an intermediary in the collection and distribution of property taxes to other entities. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed as collected to the General, Unit Road and Debt Service Funds of the County. The distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County is authorized by the tax laws for the State of Texas to levy taxes up to .80 per \$100 of the assessed valuation for general government invoices and the payment of principal and interest on certain permanent improvement long-term debt. Taxes may be levied in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on road bond long-term debt issued under article 3, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution. Net taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred outflows of resources.

The combined tax rate assessed on the 2020 tax roll (Caldwell County and Farm to Market Road) to finance operations and debt service for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, was \$.7053 per \$100 assessed valuation. The total tax levy for the fiscal year 2021 was \$18,541,270 of which \$761,771 remained outstanding in delinquent taxes as of September 30, 2021.

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 01/10/20	Additions/ Transfers		1		Balance 9/30/21	
Capital Assets Not Depreciated:							
Construction in Progress	\$ 702,368	\$	1,283,051	\$ (702,368)	\$	1,283,051	
Land	 584,029			 		584,029	
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	 1,286,397		1,283,051	 (702,368)		1,867,080	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Infrastructure	14,357,000		695,589	-		15,052,589	
Buildings and Improvements	29,790,151		1,638,859	702,368		32,131,378	
Equipment, Machinery and Furniture	14,626,534		395,150	 (684,353)		14,337,331	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	58,773,685		2,729,598	18,015		61,521,298	
Totals at Historical Cost	60,060,082		4,012,649	 (684,353)		63,388,378	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Infrastructure	(13,252,040)		(205,338)	-		(13,457,378)	
Buildings and Improvements	(9,166,602)		(683,733)	-		(9,850,335)	
Equipment	(9,131,900)		(1,005,111)	649,042		(9,487,969)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(31,550,542)		(1,894,182)	 649,042		(32,795,682)	
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 28,509,540	\$	2,118,467	\$ (35,311)	\$	30,592,696	

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 430,341
Judicial	244,577
Public Facilities	39,107
Public Safety	521,740
Public Transportation	645,158
Environmental Protection	8,485
Conservation - Agriculture	4,774
Total Depreciation Expense -	_
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,894,182

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

The County had the following changes in long-term debt outstanding for the year ended September 30, 2021:

		Balance						Balance		Due	
	Οι	ıtstanding	1	Added		Retired	O	utstanding		Within	
		10/1/19	Du	ring Year	D	uring Year		9/30/21		One Year	
Governmental Activities:											
Public Offerings											
Limited Tax Refund Bonds, Series 2014	\$	6,600,000	\$	-	\$	(465,000)	\$	6,135,000	\$	475,000	
Combined Limited Pledged Revenue											
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018		5,955,000		-		=		5,955,000		-	
Premium		118,305		-		(6,960)		111,345		6,960	
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019		3,105,000		-		(425,000)		2,680,000		450,000	
Premium		125,108		-		(15,639)		109,469		15,639	
Public Offerings:		15,903,413			_	(912,599)		14,990,814		947,599	
Direct Placement											
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge											
Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020		3,000,000				(185,000)		2,815,000		180,000	
Direct Placement:		3,000,000				(185,000)		2,815,000		180,000	
Subtotal		18,903,413				(1,097,599)		17,805,814		1,127,599	
Compensated Absences		584,364		241,096		(228,200)		597,260		597,260	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,487,777	\$	241,096	\$	(1,325,799)	\$:	18,403,074	\$	1,724,859	

Deferred Outflow – Charge on Refunding in the amount of 3,800 have been recognized as expense during the year.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements for principal and interest on the outstanding certificates obligation and tax notes on public offerings are as follows:

Year Ending			Annual
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2022	\$ 925,000	\$ 479,125	\$ 1,404,125
2023	1,020,000	448,356	1,468,356
2024	1,070,000	413,688	1,483,688
2025	1,125,000	375,544	1,500,544
2026	1,175,000	338,118	1,513,118
2027-2031	5,275,000	1,143,797	6,418,797
2032-2036	3,090,000	392,613	3,482,613
2037-2038	1,090,000	35,750	1,125,750
TOTAL	\$14,770,000	\$ 3,626,991	\$18,396,991

The annual requirements for principal and interest on the outstanding certificates obligation and tax notes on direct placements are as follows:

Year Ending			Annual
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2022	\$ 180,000	\$ 34,880	\$ 214,880
2023	190,000	32,512	222,512
2024	190,000	30,080	220,080
2025	190,000	27,648	217,648
2026	195,000	25,184	220,184
2027-2031	1,005,000	87,904	1,092,904
2032-2035	865,000	22,240	887,240
TOTAL	\$ 2,815,000	\$ 260,448	\$ 3,075,448

The total annual requirements for principal and interest on the outstanding certificates obligation and tax notes on all debt are as follows:

Year Ending			Annual
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2022	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 514,005	\$ 1,619,005
2023	1,210,000	480,868	1,690,868
2024	1,260,000	443,768	1,703,768
2025	1,315,000	403,192	1,718,192
2026	1,370,000	363,302	1,733,302
2027-2031	6,280,000	1,231,701	7,511,701
2032-2036	3,955,000	414,853	4,369,853
2037-2038	1,090,000	35,750	1,125,750
TOTAL	\$17,585,000	\$ 3,887,439	\$21,472,439

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The County has both Public Offerings and Direct Placements. The following are the Certificates of Obligation and Notes Payable:

Certificates of Obligation and Notes Payable]	Balance at 9/30/21		ue Within One Year
Public Offering:	7/30/21			one rear
Limited Tax Refund Bonds, Series 2014				
Original issue amount of \$8,555,000, interest rate varies between 2.00-3.75%,				
With final maturity date of February 1, 2032	\$	6,135,000	\$	475,000
Combined Limited Pledged Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018				
Original Issue amount of \$5,955,000, interest rate varies between 3.00%-4.00%,				
With final maturity date of February 1, 2038.		5,955,000		-
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019				
Original Issue amount of \$3,530,000, interest rate varies between 2.50%-4.00%,				
With final maturity date of February 1, 2029		2,680,000		450,000
with intermetality date of reordary 1, 202)		2,000,000		450,000
Direct Placement:				
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020				
Original Issue amount of \$3,000,000, interest rate of 1.28%,				
With final maturity date of February 1, 2035		2,815,000		180,000
TOTAL CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND NOTES PAYABLE	\$	17,585,000	\$	1,105,000

NOTE H - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

The County participates as one of over 700 plans in the nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for County and District employees in the State of Texas. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration and management of the system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. A member is vested after 8 years but must leave his accumulated contributions in the plan. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a partial lump sum are entitled to any amounts contributed by the employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the District within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute.

At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 4.40% for the months of the calendar year 2020, and 4.54% for the months of the calendar year in 2021.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for 2020 and 2021 is the rate of 5% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

NOTE H - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the District-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	12/31/2019	12/31/2020
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	131	259
Inactive Employees	263	270
Active Employees	255	137
	649	666

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The District's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Overall Payroll Growth	4.60%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Depositing Members

90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Service Retirees, Beneficiaries and Non-Depositing Members

130% of the KP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Disabled Retirees

NOTE H - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2017 valuation. Updated mortality assumptions were adopted in 2016. All other actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2018 information for a 10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Geometric)
US Equities	11.50%	4.25%
Private Equity	25.00%	7.25%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities - Developed	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities - Emerging	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	5.70%
REIT Equities	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	4.90%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	-0.70%
	100.00%	

NOTE H - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability/(Asset) was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	6.60%		7.60%		8.60%	
Total pension liability	\$	29,002,336	\$	25,353,617	\$	22,351,931
Fiduciary net position		24,855,205		24,855,205		24,855,205
Net Pension Liability/(asset)	\$	4,147,131	\$	498,412	\$	(2,503,274)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as of December 31, 2020:

		tal Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	22,005,892	\$	22,547,947	\$ (542,055)	
Changes for the year:			· ·	_	_	
Service Cost		892,005		-	892,005	
Interest on total pension liability		1,812,912		-	1,812,912	
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-	-	
Economic/Demographic gains or losses		138,650		-	138,650	
Changes of Assumptions		1,557,190		-	1,557,190	
Refund of Contributions		(125,193)		(125,193)	-	
Benefit Payments		(927,840)		(927,840)	-	
Administrative Expense		-		(18,187)	18,187	
Member Contributions		-		556,935	(556,935)	
Net Investment Income		-		2,329,342	(2,329,342)	
Employer Contributions		-		490,141	(490,141)	
Other				2,059	 (2,059)	
Net Changes		3,347,724		2,307,257	 1,040,467	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	25,353,616	\$	24,855,204	\$ 498,412	

NOTE H - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issues TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained at www.tcdrs.com.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$571,755. Also as of September 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions form the following sources:

	 red Inflows Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$ -	\$	212,628	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	=		1,167,892	
Net difference between projected				
and Actual Earnings	805,269		-	
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	 		322,662	
	\$ 805,269	\$	1,703,182	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$322,662 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,		
2021	\$	185,936
2022		489,016
2023		1,066
2024	<u></u>	(100,767)
	\$	575,251

NOTE I – GROUP TERM LIFE FUND (GTLF)

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); this insurance is for active employees who are making deposits into the TCDRS system or have made the last deposit within the past two years.

The County's contributions to the TCDRS GTLF for the year ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$79,195 and \$72,965, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The County is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the County's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the County, will not have a material effect on the County's financial position.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County carries commercial insurance for all such risks. During the year ended September 30, 2021, settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage.

Construction Commitments

					I	Estimated		
		Total		red Through	Future			
	Co	Commitment		mber 30, 2021	C	ommitment		
Road Construction	\$	253,663	\$	116,404	\$	137,259		
Road Engineering		925,000		84,380		840,620		
Emergency Shelter		178,798		151,978		26,820		
	\$	1,357,461	\$	352,762	\$	1,004,699		

Operating Leases

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of September 30, 2021:

Year Ending				Radio		Office			
September 30,	Fleet		Fleet Eq		_E	Equipment		Total	
2022	\$	394,318	\$	230,000	\$	64,656		\$	688,974
2023		394,318		-		64,656			458,974
2024		232,861		-		64,656			297,517
2025						64,656			64,656
TOTAL	\$	1,021,497	\$	230,000	\$	258,624		\$	1,510,121

NOTE K – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

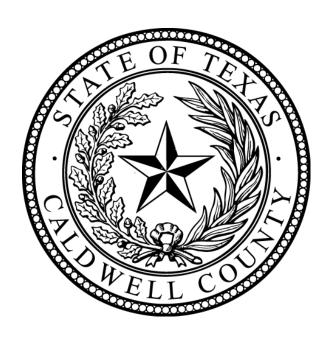
The financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 have been restated to reflect the results of a prior period adjustment. The prior period adjustment was recorded for \$404,444 and was made to adjust for understated receivables in 2020 that were recorded in the current fiscal year.

GASB 84 was implemented on October 1, 2021. This changed the presentation of the fiduciary funds. As a result, a prior period adjustment was created in the amount of \$4,801,968 to record the amounts previously reported as liabilities in the agency funds.

NOTE L – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

Caldwell County negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The agreements freeze property tax revenues received from the paying entity at current levels and deprives the County of a percentage of future increases in ad valorem property tax revenues that otherwise would have resulted from increases in assessed valuation in such areas until the tax increment financing obligations issued are repaid or the tax abatement period terminates. As of September 31, 2021, the County has tax abatement agreements with one entity. The gross amount of property tax abated during 2021 was \$34,658.

<u>Veritacor Manufacturing, LLC</u> – a tax abatement agreement was entered into on March 9, 2021 with Veritacor Manufacturing, LLC. for the construction of a multi-tenant business facility that can operate manufacturing and distribution businesses valued at an estimate cost of \$3,250,000. The effective date of the agreement is March 9, 2021 and will expire on March 9, 2031. The total amount of property tax abated during 2021 per the agreement was \$34,658.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Unit Road Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Funds
- Notes to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
- Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions and Related Notes

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

				Variance With		
	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget -		
			2021	Positive	2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$17,339,258	\$17,339,258	\$19,629,249	\$ 2,289,991	\$17,928,644	
Other Taxes	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,611,974	511,974	2,348,886	
Intergovernmental Revenue	847,529	847,529	33,003	(814,526)	527,597	
Fees of Office	1,191,130	1,191,130	1,229,070	37,940	1,601,343	
Fines	946,297	946,297	655,400	(290,897)	675,566	
Licenses and Permits	318,873	318,873	560,680	241,807	483,981	
Investment Earnings	163,900	163,900	38,122	(125,778)	199,622	
Miscellaneous Revenue	336,900	761,391	398,818	(362,573)	271,609	
TOTAL REVENUES	23,243,887	23,668,378	25,156,316	1,487,938	24,037,248	
EXPENDITURES						
General Administration	4,251,310	5,295,023	3,629,684	1,665,339	2,704,603	
Judicial	2,474,744	2,496,674	1,999,141	497,533	2,034,163	
Legal	601,862	614,262	587,285	26,977	548,758	
Financial Administration	1,826,357	1,940,183	1,742,608	197,575	1,664,432	
Public Facilities	1,017,964	1,021,230	695,778	325,452	737,117	
Public Safety	9,972,070	9,161,421	9,672,023	(510,602)	9,125,950	
Public Transportation	278,405	283,083	257,603	25,480	144,559	
Environmental Protection	117,758	119,280	95,493	23,787	86,389	
Health and Welfare	819,879	826,402	614,164	212,238	663,105	
Conservation - Agriculture	179,578	179,578	170,285	9,293	152,885	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,539,927	21,937,136	19,464,064	2,473,072	17,861,961	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,703,960	1,731,242	5,692,252	3,961,010	6,175,287	
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	14,900	14,900	12,417	(2,483)	14,960	
Transfers Out	(4,255,745)	(4,293,316)	(5,319,090)	(1,025,774)	(4,948,383)	
Insurance Proceeds	45,000	49,509	35,812	(13,697)	474,143	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	(4,195,845)	(4,228,907)	(5,270,861)	(1,041,954)	(4,459,280)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,491,885)	(2,497,665)	421,391	2,919,056	1,716,007	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	15,220,018	15,220,018	15,220,018		13,504,011	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$12,728,133	\$12,722,353	\$15,641,409	\$ 2,919,056	\$15,220,018	

^{*2020} Actual has been restated for the prior period adjustment in Note K.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION UNIT ROAD FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

	Budgeto Original	ed Amounts	2021 Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2020 Actual
REVENUES			1100000	(riegative)	
Taxes:					
Property Taxes	\$ 3,132	\$ 3,132	\$ 2,959	\$ (173)	\$ 3,162
Intergovernmental Revenue	273,500	194,436	14,281	(180,155)	105,542
Licenses and Permits	749,900	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	826,479	76,579	646,839
Miscellaneous Revenue	-		-	-	1,038
TOTAL REVENUES	1,026,532	947,468	843,719	(103,749)	756,581
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay					
Public Transportation	4,767,992	4,700,483	4,000,600	699,883	4,699,859
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,767,992		4,000,600	699,883	4,699,859
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,741,460)	(3,753,015)	(3,156,881)	596,134	(3,943,278)
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	3,738,460	3,750,015	4,049,998	299,983	3,797,156
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	3,738,460	3,750,015	4,049,998	299,983	3,797,156
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,000	(3,000)	893,117	896,117	(146,122)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,014,294	2,014,294	2,014,294	-	2,160,416
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,011,294		\$ 2,907,411	\$ 896,117	\$ 2,014,294

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COVID RELIEF (ARPA) FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

		Budgeted	nts Final	2021 Actual		Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		_	2020 ctual
REVENUES	Ong	ginal	 ·IIIai	A	ctuai	(INE	gative)		ctuai
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	_	\$ _	\$	298	\$	298	\$	_
TOTAL REVENUES		_			298		298		_
EXPENDITURES Health and Welfare TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		629 629
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-		298		298		(629)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(629)	(629)		(629)		-		-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	(629)	\$ (629)	\$	(331)	\$	298	\$	(629)

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is adopted for substantially all governmental funds of the County. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the expense summary classification level.

The procedures followed by Caldwell County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

<u>Budget Preparation</u> – The County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following October 1, and files the proposed budget with the County Clerk in whose office it is available for public inspection. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

<u>Public Hearing</u> – After proper publication of notice, a budget hearing is conducted by the Commissioners' Court to obtain taxpayer comments.

<u>Budget Adoption</u> – During a regular term of the Commissioners' Court the budget is adopted through the passage of an order. A separate order is provided in the budget.

Amendments to Budget – Amendments to the budget to transfer budgeted amounts from one budget classification (summary line) to another may be made by the Commissioners' Court at its discretion. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners' Court upon finding and declaring the existence of an emergency sufficient to require such action. The final amended budget is presented in this report.

<u>Formal Budgetary Integration</u> – Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Building Construction.

<u>Budgets on GAAP Basis</u> – The Budgets for all governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

<u>Expenditure Classifications</u> – Budget is adopted by department for personnel services, operations and capital outlay. For management purposes, however, accounting records are maintained to match actual expenditures against several more detailed classifications within each of the budget categories.

<u>Lapse of Appropriations</u> – All budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal period. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at the end of each year and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN PLAN YEARS

Total Pension Liability/(Asset)

Total Pensio	on Liability.	(Asset)			
		2014	2015		 2016
Service Cost	\$	661,894	\$	699,158	\$ 735,926
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	·	1,104,107		1,204,758	1,295,217
Changes of Benefit Terms		, , , <u>-</u>		(123,589)	-
Difference between Expected				, ,	
and Actual Experience		14,581		(234,308)	(173,840)
Change of Assumptions		-		171,772	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions		(543,659)		(617,525)	(572,411)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,236,923		1,100,266	1,284,892
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		13,572,985		14,809,908	 15,910,174
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	14,809,908	\$	15,910,174	\$ 17,195,066
Plan Fiduc	iary Net Po	osition			
		2014		2015	 2016
Contributions - Employer	\$	326,662	\$	333,197	\$ 337,091
Contributions - Employee		408,329		416,496	421,365
Net Investment Income		990,419		(90,925)	1,174,886
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions		(543,659)		(617,525)	(572,411)
Administrative Expense		(11,711)		(11,390)	(12,768)
Other		(17,254)		58,418	 (75,001)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,152,786		88,271	1,273,162
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		14,619,645		15,772,431	 15,860,702
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	15,772,431	\$	15,860,702	\$ 17,133,864
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	(962,523)	\$	49,472	\$ 61,202
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a					
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		106.50%		99.69%	99.64%
Covered Payroll	\$	8,166,575	\$	8,329,910	\$ 8,427,292
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered Payroll		-11.79%		0.59%	0.73%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements for 10 years. However, the recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with GASB 68 they should not be shown here. Therefore only the years shown have been implemented for the GASB statements.

	Total Pension Liability/(Asset)									
	2017		2018		2019		2020			
\$	709,330	\$	763,772	\$	743,510	\$	892,005			
	1,422,180		1,568,765		1,656,350		1,812,912			
	316,503		-		-		-			
	20,818		(323,580)		379,074		138,650			
	77,063		-		-		1,557,190			
	(706,990)		(877,643)		(938,325)		(1,053,033)			
	1,838,904	-	1,131,314	-	1,840,609	•	3,347,724			
	17,195,066		19,033,970		20,165,284		22,005,893			
\$	19,033,970	\$	20,165,284	\$	22,005,893	\$	25,353,617			
			Plan Fiduciar	y Net	Position					
	2017		2018		2019		2020			
\$	361,461	\$	418,322	\$	446,256	\$	490,141			
-	457,059	•	471,084	•	515,299	•	556,935			
	2,502,740		(367,645)		3,179,089		2,329,342			
	(706,000)		(077. (42)		(020.225)		(1.052.022)			
	(706,990)		(877,643)		(938,325)		(1,053,033)			
	(13,125)		(15,549)		(17,182)		(18,187)			
-	1,371 2,602,516		(6,074)		3,936	-	2,058 2,307,256			
	17,133,864		19,736,380		19,358,875		2,507,230			
\$	19,736,380	\$	19,750,380	\$	22,547,948	\$	24,855,204			
Ψ	19,730,300	Ψ	19,330,073	<u>Ψ</u>	22,347,940	—	24,033,204			
\$	(702,410)	\$	806,409	\$	(542,056)	\$	498,412			
	103.69%		96.00%		102.46%		91.89%			

\$ 9,036,531 \$ 9,421,683 \$ 10,305,979 \$ 11,138,709

-5.26%

8.56%

-7.77%

4.47%

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED NOTES LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2014			2015			2016		2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	358,	350	\$	326,66	52	\$	337,091	\$	353,533
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially										
Determined Contribution		(358,	350)		(326,66	52)		(337,091)		(353,533)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$			\$			\$		\$	
Covered Payroll	\$	7,673,	455	\$	8,301,13	31	\$	8,292,576	\$	8,835,056
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll		۷	1.7%		3.9	9%		4.1%		4.0%
	 2018			201				020		2021
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 411	,418	\$	3	68,541	\$		409,127		516,746
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	(411	410)		(2	(0.541)			(400 107)		(516.546)
Determined Contribution	 (411	,418)		(3)	68,541)	_	((409,127)		(516,746)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)									_\$_	
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,510	,392	\$	9,7	22,393	\$	11,	,003,720	\$	11,477,560
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll	4	4.3%			3.8%			3.7%		4.5%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements for 10 years. However, the recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with GASB 68 they should not be shown here. Therefore only the years shown have been implemented for the GASB statements.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED NOTES (CONTINUED) LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 20.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2020 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving

Retirement Age benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees

is 61.

130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-Mortality

2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the

MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. Changes in Plan Provisions

2018: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased

to 175% for future benefits.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inlfation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statement General Fund Balance Sheet
- Comparative Statement Unit Road Fund Balance Sheet
- Comparative Statement COVID Relief Program (ARPA) Fund Balance Sheet
- Comparative Statement Building Construction Fund
- Combining Statement Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Statement Special Revenue Funds
- Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Nonmajor Governmental Funds

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

ACCETO	 2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,255,909	\$ 16,993,200
Taxes Receivable	2,326,073	2,179,890
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(186,086)	(174,391)
Fines Receivables, net	13,943,318	14,082,848
Allowance for Fines (Credit)	(13,246,152)	(13,378,706)
Sales Tax Receivables	475,158	548,855
Intergovernmental Receivables	140,647	600,072
Accounts Receivables	113,765	18,765
Notes Receivable	1,500,000	-
Due from Other Funds	488,692	497,793
Prepaid Items	 78,760	 58,136
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,890,084	\$ 21,426,462
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,625,397	\$ 2,186,569
Accrued Liabilities and other Payables	228,190	326,477
Due to Other Governments	493,544	924,473
Due to Others	152,434	171,072
Unearned Grant Revenue	 29,620	 25
Total Liabilities	 4,529,185	 3,608,616
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Tax Revenue	2,022,324	1,893,686
Deferred Fine Revenue	697,166	704,142
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,719,490	 2,597,828
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable Fund Balance:		
Prepaid Items/Notes Receivable	1,578,760	58,136
Restricted Fund Balance	-	228,234
Unassigned Fund Balance	14,062,649	14,933,648
Total Fund Balances	 15,641,409	15,220,018
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 22,890,084	\$ 21,426,462

^{*2020} has been restated for the prior period adjustment in Note K.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS UNIT ROAD FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	 2020		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,375,890	\$ 2,572,824		
Intergovernmental Receivables	4,587	13,930		
Due from Other Funds	152,434	152,434		
Inventories	144,295	58,899		
Taxes Receivables - Net	 488	488		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,677,694	\$ 2,798,575		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW				
AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 769,811	\$ 783,809		
Total Liabilities	 769,811	 783,809		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred Tax Revenue	472	 472		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	 472	 472		
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	144,295	58,899		
Restricted:				
Capital Acquisition	 2,763,116	 1,955,395		
Total Fund Balances	 2,907,411	 2,014,294		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW				
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,677,694	\$ 2,798,575		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS COVID RELIEF PROGRAM (ARPA) FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

		2021	2	2020
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,241,537	\$	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,241,537	\$	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	1,258	\$	629
Unearned Grant Revenue Total Liabilities		4,240,610		629
Fund Balances: Unassigned Fund Balance Total Fund Balances	_	(331)		(629) (629)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW AND FUND BALANCES	_\$	4,241,537	\$	<u>-</u>

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS BUILDING CONSTRUCTION FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	 2021	2020			
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 897,502	\$	3,536,326		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 897,502	\$	3,536,326		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,014	\$	100,681		
Total Liabilities	6,014		100,681		
Fund Balances:					
Restricted for Capital Projects	891,488		3,435,645		
Total Fund Balances	891,488		3,435,645		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 897,502	\$	3,536,326		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS BUILDING CONSTRUCTION FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

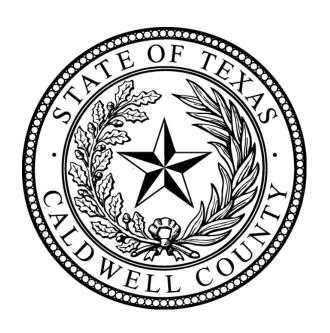
	2021 Actual	2020 Actual
REVENUES		
Investment Earnings	\$ 2,618	\$ 26,584
TOTAL REVENUES	2,618	26,584
EXPENDITURES		
Debt Service		
Bond Issuance Cost	-	52,300
Public Facilities	10,743	-
Capital Outlay	2,536,032	2,549,445
	2,546,775	2,601,745
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(2,544,157)	(2,575,161)
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,544,157)	(2,373,101)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds of Bond Issuance		2,999,027
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		2,999,027
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,544,157)	423,866
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,435,645	3,011,779
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 891,488	\$ 3,435,645

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Debt Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 830,360	\$ 4,222,682	\$	5,053,042	
Taxes Receivable	200,460	-		200,460	
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(16,037)	269.204		(16,037)	
Intergovernmental Receivables Prepaid Items	-	368,304 11,681		368,304 11,681	
repaid items	 	 11,001		11,001	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,014,783	\$ 4,602,667	\$ 5,617,45		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 106,487	\$	106,487	
Due to Other Funds	-	487,434		487,434	
Unearned Grant Revenues	 _	626,436		626,436	
Total Liabilities	 	 1,220,357		1,220,357	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	175,869	-		175,869	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	175,869			175,869	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable - Prepaids	-	11,681		11,681	
Restricted Fund Balance					
Debt Services	838,914	-		838,914	
Contractual Obligations	-	2,426,415		2,426,415	
Judicial	-	511,151		511,151	
Legal	-	31,250		31,250	
Public Safety	-	151,567		151,567	
Records Management	-	269,790		269,790	
Sheriff	-	48,789		48,789	
Unrestricted Fund Balance (Deficit)	-	(68,333)		(68,333)	
Total Fund Balance	 838,914	 3,382,310		4,221,224	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,014,783	\$ 4,602,667	\$	5,617,450	

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Debt Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES	¢	1 110 474	¢.		ø.	1 110 474
Property Tax Revenue Intergovernmental	\$	1,118,464	\$	2,606,622	\$	1,118,464
Fees of Office		-		286,261		2,606,622 286,261
Investment Earnings		4,544		200,201		4,544
Miscellaneous Revenue		4,544		9,103		
Miscenaneous Revenue				9,103	-	9,103
TOTAL REVENUES		1,123,008		2,901,986		4,024,994
EXPENDITURES						
General Administration		-		762,115		762,115
Judicial Expenditures		-		67,829		67,829
Public Safety Expenses		-		36,452		36,452
Public Transportation		-		17,100		17,100
Health and Welfare		-		1,322,779		1,322,779
Debt Service:						
Principal		1,075,000		-		1,075,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		542,421				542,421
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,617,421		2,206,275		3,823,696
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(494,413)		695,711		201,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In		-		1,269,092		1,269,092
Transfers Out		-		(12,417)		(12,417)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)				1,256,675	_	1,256,675
Net Change in Fund Balance		(494,413)		1,952,386		1,457,973
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,333,327		1,429,924		2,763,251
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	838,914	\$	3,382,310	\$	4,221,224



CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes, or to the acquisition of furniture, fixtures, machinery, equipment, or other relatively minor or comparatively short – lived fixed assets. The Special Revenue Funds used by the County are as follows:

<u>Grants Fund</u> – A special revenue fund to account for Grant revenue from various sources.

<u>911 GIS</u>- A special revenue fund to account for emergency services for the geographic information systems (GIS).

<u>LEOSE Constable Fund</u> – To account for fees collected from the Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education Fund. These funds must be used to provide continuing education for law enforcement officers.

<u>Justice Court Technology Fund</u> – To account for the fees collected from a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor office in Justice Court. The expenses may be used to purchase technological enhancements for the Justice Courts.

Records Preservation Fund – To account for receipts and expenditures for records management.

<u>Law Library Fund</u> – To account for receipts and expenditures for the law library.

<u>Sheriff Forfeiture Fund</u> – To account for federal and state forfeitures restricted to expenditures for law enforcement.

<u>Hot Check Fund</u> – To account for receipts and expenditures for hot checks.

<u>District Attorney Forfeiture Fund</u> – To account for federal and state forfeitures restricted to expenditures for law enforcement.

Records Management Fund – To account for receipts and expenditures for records management.

<u>Courthouse Security Fund</u> – A special revenue fund to account for the fees collected by the County Clerk and District Clerk. These expenses must be spent in accordance with the Code of Criminal Procedures, Section 102.017.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Grant		 911 G.I.S. Fund		LEOSE Constables Fund		Justice Court Technology		Records servation Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,207,413	\$ 139,597	\$	11,970	\$	(12,574)	\$	229,593
Intergovernmental Receivables		368,304	-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items			 						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,575,717	\$ 139,597	\$	11,970	\$	(12,574)	\$	229,593
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	96,395	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,080
Unearned Revenue		626,436	-		-		_		-
Due to Other Funds		426,471	-		-		11,954		-
Total Liabilities		1,149,302					11,954		9,080
Fund Balance:									
Nonspendable - Prepaids		_	_		_		_		_
Restricted Fund Balance		2,426,415	139,597		11,970		_		220,513
Unrestricted Fund Balance (Deficit)		-	-		-		(24,528)		-
Total Fund Balance		2,426,415	139,597		11,970		(24,528)		220,513
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,575,717	\$ 139,597	\$	11,970	\$	(12,574)	\$	229,593

	Law ibrary	Sher Forfe		Hot Check			DA orfeiture Fund		Records nageme	<u>nt</u>		urthouse ecurity	R	pecial evenue ubtotals
\$	6,064	\$ 48	3,789 - -	\$ 60	0,812	\$	31,250	\$	49,30 11,68	-	\$	450,468 - -		222,682 368,304 11,681
\$	6,064	\$ 48	3,789	\$ 60	0,812	\$	31,250	\$	60,98	81	\$	450,468	\$4,	602,667
\$	860	\$	-	\$	127	\$	-	\$	2	23	\$	2		106,487
	49,009		-		-		-			-		-		626,436
	49,869				127				2	23		2		487,434 ,220,357
	,													
	-		-		-		-		11,68			-		11,681
	- (42.005)	48	3,789	60	0,685		31,250		49,27	7		450,466	3,	,438,962
	(43,805)	40	- 700		- 0.605		21.250		(0.05	-		450.466		(68,333)
	(43,805)	48	3,789	6	0,685	_	31,250		60,95	8		450,466		382,310
\$	6,064	\$ 48	3,789	\$ 60	0,812	\$	31,250	\$	60,98	21	\$	450,468	\$ <i>A</i>	,602,667
Ψ	0,00	φ 4c	5,709	φ 0	0,012	Ψ	31,230	φ	00,90	,1	Ψ	7,700	Ψ4,	004,007

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Grant	911 G.I.S. Fund	LEOSE Constables Fund	Justice Court Technology	Records Preservation Fund
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,396,492	\$ 131,103	\$ 2,630	\$ -	\$ -
Fees of Office	-	-	-	14,947	206,265
Miscellaneous Revenue	423				
TOTAL REVENUES	2,396,915	131,103	2,630	14,947	206,265
EXPENDITURES					
General Administration	84,380	-	-	-	124,665
Judicial	4,900	-	-	45,846	-
Public Safety	33,550	-	2,902	-	-
Public Transportation	17,100	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	1,322,779				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,462,709		2,902	45,846	124,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	934,206	131,103	(272)	(30,899)	81,600
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	756,539	8,494	-	12,348	19,845
Transfers Out					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	756,539	8,494		12,348	19,845
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,690,745	139,597	(272)	(18,551)	101,445
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	735,670		12,242	(5,977)	119,068
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,426,415	\$ 139,597	\$ 11,970	\$ (24,528)	\$ 220,513

]	Law Library	eriff's rfeiture	Hot Check		DA orfeiture Fund	ecords	urthouse ecurity	Special Revenue Subtotals
\$	21,074	\$ - - -	\$	295 612	\$ 76,397 - 8,068	\$ 10,162	\$ 33,518	\$ 2,606,622 286,261 9,103
	21,074	 		907	84,465	 10,162	33,518	2,901,986
	5,960	22,010		2,375	91,043	17,083	431,682	762,115 67,829
	- - -	 - - -		- - -	- -	 - - -	- - -	36,452 17,100 1,322,779
	5,960	 22,010		2,375	 91,043	 17,083	 431,682	2,206,275
	15,114	(22,010)		(1,468)	 (6,578)	 (6,921)	(398,164)	695,711
	(12,417)	 -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 2,589	469,277	1,269,092 (12,417)
	2,697	(22,010)		(1,468)	(6,578)	2,589 (4,332)	71,113	1,256,675 1,952,386
\$	(46,502) (43,805)	\$ 70,799 48,789	\$	62,153 60,685	\$ 37,828 31,250	\$ 65,290 60,958	\$ 379,353 450,466	1,429,924 \$ 3,382,310

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget -	
	Duagetea	Timounts	2021	Positive	2020
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES					-
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,005,869	\$ 4,786,476	\$ 2,396,492	\$ (2,389,984)	\$ 1,511,498
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	423	423	92
TOTAL REVENUES	1,005,869	4,786,476	2,396,915	(2,389,561)	1,511,590
EXPENDITURES					
General Administration	17,000	101,380	84,380	17,000	25,000
Judicial	10,900	210,900	4,900	206,000	6,806
Public Safety	18,619	38,619	33,550	5,069	38,638
Public Transportation	-	1,000,000	17,100	982,900	758,109
Health and Welfare	968,000	2,640,570	1,322,779	1,317,791	262,315
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,014,519	3,991,469	1,462,709	2,528,760	1,090,868
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,650)	795,007	934,206	139,199	420,722
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In			756,539	756,539	740,538
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)			756,539	756,539	740,538
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,650)	795,007	1,690,745	895,738	1,161,260
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	735,670	735,670	735,670	-	(425,590)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 727,020	\$ 1,530,677	\$ 2,426,415	\$ 895,738	\$ 735,670

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

			Variance With							
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Final Budget -						
			2021	Positive	2020					
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual					
REVENUES										
Fees of Office	\$ 26,450	\$ 26,450	\$ 14,947	\$ (11,503)	\$ 10,788					
TOTAL REVENUES	26,450	26,450	14,947	(11,503)	10,788					
EXPENDITURES										
Judicial	37,848	45,848	45,846	2	37,846					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	37,848	45,848	45,846	2	37,846					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,398)	(19,398)	(30,899)	(11,501)	(27,058)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	11,398	19,398	12,348	(7,050)	6,686					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	11,398	19,398	12,348	(7,050)	6,686					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(18,551)	(18,551)	(20,372)					
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(5,977)	(5,977)	(5,977)	-	14,395					
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (5,977)	\$ (5,977)	\$ (24,528)	\$ (18,551)	\$ (5,977)					

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – RECORDS PRESERVATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

							Varia	ance With		
	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	l Budget -		
						2021	P	ositive	2020	
	Original		Final		Actual		(N	egative)		Actual
REVENUES										
Fees of Office	\$	163,300	\$	163,300	\$	206,265	\$	42,965	\$	163,124
TOTAL REVENUES		163,300		163,300		206,265		42,965		163,124
EXPENDITURES										
General Administration		181,618		181,618		124,665		56,953		105,311
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		181,618		181,618		124,665		56,953		105,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(10.210)		(10.210)		01 (00		00.010		57.012
Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,318)		(18,318)		81,600		99,918		57,813
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		18,318		18,318		19,845		1,527		27,816
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)		18,318		18,318		19,845		1,527		27,816
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		101,445		101,445		85,629
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		119,068		119,068		119,068		-		33,439
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	119,068	\$	119,068	\$	220,513	\$	101,445	\$	119,068

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – LAW LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

				Variance With			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Final Budget -				
			2021	Positive	2020		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual		
REVENUES							
Fees of Office	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,580	\$ 21,074	\$ 494	\$ 17,084		
TOTAL REVENUES	20,000	20,580	21,074	494	17,084		
EXPENDITURES							
General Administration	5,100	5,680	5,960	(280)	5,060		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,100	5,680	5,960	(280)	5,060		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	14,900	14,900	15,114	214	12,024		
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out	(14,900)	(14,900)	(12,417)	2,483	(14,960)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(14,900)	(14,900)	(12,417)	2,483	(14,960)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	2,697	2,697	(2,936)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(46,502)	(46,502)	(46,502)	-	(43,566)		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (46,502)	\$ (46,502)	\$ (43,805)	\$ 2,697	\$ (46,502)		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – HOT CHECK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

							Varia	ince With		
	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget -						
						2021	P	ositive		2020
	О	riginal		Final	A	Actual	(No	egative)	A	ctual
REVENUES										
Fees of Office	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	295	\$	(4,705)	\$	960
Miscellaneous Revenue				-		612		612		628
TOTAL REVENUES		5,000		5,000		907		(4,093)		1,588
EXPENDITURES										
General Administration		5,540		5,540		2,375		3,165		2,756
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,540		5,540		2,375		3,165		2,756
Net Change in Fund Balance		(540)		(540)		(1,468)		928		(1,168)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		62,153		62,153		62,153		-		63,321
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	61,613	\$	61,613	\$	60,685	\$	928	\$	62,153

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

				Variance With			
	Budgete	d Amounts	Final Budget -				
				Positive	2020		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual		
REVENUES							
Fees of Office	\$ 15,500	\$ 15,500	\$ 10,162	\$ (5,338)	\$ 10,280		
TOTAL REVENUES	15,500	15,500	10,162	(5,338)	10,280		
EXPENDITURES							
Judicial	17,890	17,890	17,083	807	5,020		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,890	17,890	17,083	807	5,020		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,390)	(2,390)	(6,921)	(4,531)	5,260		
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	2,390	2,390	2,589	199	915		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	2,390	2,390	2,589	199	915		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(4,332)	(4,332)	6,175		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	65,290	65,290	65,290	-	59,115		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 65,290	\$ 65,290	\$ 60,958	\$ (4,332)	\$ 65,290		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

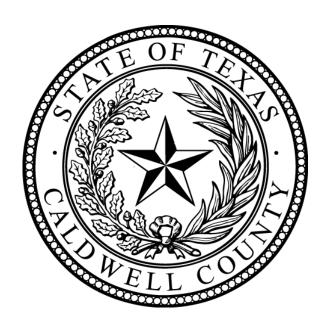
				Variance With		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget -		
			2021	Positive	2020 Actual	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Fees of Office	\$ 36,800	\$ 36,800	\$ 33,518	\$ (3,282)	\$ 32,995	
TOTAL REVENUES	36,800	36,800	33,518	(3,282)	32,995	
EXPENDITURES						
General Administration	469,979	469,979	431,682	38,297	415,892	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	469,979	469,979	431,682	38,297	415,892	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(433,179)	(433,179)	(398,164)	35,015	(382,897)	
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	433,179	433,179	469,277	36,098	375,272	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	433,179	433,179	469,277	36,098	375,272	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	71,113	71,113	(7,625)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	379,353	379,353	379,353	-	386,978	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 379,353	\$ 379,353	\$ 450,466	\$ 71,113	\$ 379,353	

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS

DEBT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020)

	Budgete	d Amounts	2021	2020		
	Original	Final	2021 Actual	Positive (Negative)	2020 Actual	
REVENUES	Original	_ Tillal	Actual	(regative)	1101001	
Taxes	\$ 1,499,469	\$ 1,499,469	\$ 1,118,464	\$ (381,005)	\$ 1,657,287	
Investment earnings	15,000	, , ,	4,544	(10,456)	14,836	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,514,469	1,514,469	1,123,008	(391,461)	1,672,123	
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service:						
Principal	1,060,000	1,060,000	1,075,000	(15,000)	880,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	574,828	574,828	542,421	32,407	525,183	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,634,828	1,634,828	1,617,421	17,407	1,405,183	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(120,359	(120,359)	(494,413)	374,054	266,940	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,333,327	1,333,327	1,333,327	-	1,066,387	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,212,968	\$ 1,212,968	\$ 838,914	\$ (374,054)	\$ 1,333,327	



COMPLIANCE SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Caldwell County

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Caldwell County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-003, 2021-004 and 2021-005 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Caldwell County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated September 26, 2022.

Caldwell County's Response to Findings

Caldwell County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Caldwell County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion about it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associatio, P.C.

September 26, 2022



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Caldwell County

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Caldwell County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, *State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards*, which includes the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (UGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of Caldwell County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. Caldwell County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Caldwell County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the UGMS. Those standards and the UGMS require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Caldwell County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our compliance audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Caldwell County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Caldwell County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Caldwell County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Caldwell County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with UGMS, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2021-006 to be a material weakness.

Caldwell County's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audir are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs. The County's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express not opnion on the response.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the Caldwell County in a separate letter dated September 26, 2022.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of UGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstong, Vauspin & Associates, P.C.

September 26, 2022

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes
Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
State Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Any material weaknesses identified?	No
Any significant deficiencies identified?	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in	
accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
Name of State Program or Cluster	
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grant	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

B. Financial Statement Findings

2021-01 through 2021-05

C. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2021-06

D. Prior Year State 1 Findings

N/A

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Management's Explanation
<u>If Not Implemented</u> Explanation Finding/Recommendation **Current Status**

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSE ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

We consider the following deficiencies to be material weaknesses:

2021-001 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Criteria - A primary control over cash is the timely and accurate reconciliation of all cash accounts. The County was unable to maintain timely reconciliations of the County's cash accounts which is also a requirement of Texas Local Government Code, Sec. 113.008, Reconciliation of Depository Accounts.

Condition – Bank reconciliations were not prepared for October 2020 thru September 2021 until February 2022 or later, nor did they agree to the general ledger.

Effect — Inaccurate financial information was provided to Commissioners' Court as the bank reconciliations were not performed timely. The Treasurer's office was not able to find county errors, bank errors or fraudulent activity on a timely basis. Additionally, the bank only gives you a few months to identify and report fraudulent activities if you expect reimbursement.

Cause – The Treasurer has been unable to reconcile the bank accounts on a timely basis.

Recommendation - The County Treasurer and assistants should receive additional training in reconciling bank accounts (with continued support from outside professionals, if necessary), until all bank accounts are reconciled on a timely basis and tie to the general ledger.

2021-002 Revenue Coding

Criteria - A primary control over accurate financial statements is the timely and accurate recording of each receipt of revenue to the appropriate revenue account within the accounting software.

Condition – The Treasurer's Deputy Clerk posts the daily receipts to a general receivable account in the accounting software rather than the appropriate revenue account in the accounting software. The County Auditor's department then allocates the revenue to the appropriate account by journal entry. There were 578 of the 1,149 journal entries made to the accounting software to correct the revenues recorded by the Treasurer's office.

Effect – Inaccurate financial information was provided to Commissioners' Court as revenue was recorded to the accounts receivable account rather than the revenue account in the accounting software system. Therefore, revenues were understated throughout the year.

Cause – The Treasurer is recording the revenue as a receivable in the balance sheet account rather than a revenue in the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures. The County Auditor is then correcting the entries at a later date.

Recommendation – The County Treasurer should be posting all revenues to the appropriate accounts on the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures. They should only post to the Balance Sheet accounts when transactions are directly related. Segregation of duties should be improved and staff should be appropriately trained to avoid excessive journal entries. The auditor's office should be auditing these transactions not performing them. The County Treasurer and assistants should receive additional training in recording revenue (with continued support from outside professionals, if necessary), until revenue is recorded correctly within the software system.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSE ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies:

2021-003 Agency Funds and Special Revenue Accounts

Criteria –As per GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, the County is required to maintain a complete and accurate schedule of Fiduciary Funds (agency and trust funds) from the various elected officials.

Condition – Each elected official is currently monitoring trust and agency accounts and not sending this information to the auditor to record in the centralized accounting system. The County was unable to provide a summarized schedule of Fiduciary Funds at year end. In addition, there were two Special Revenue Accounts that were not included in the financial accounting software and current year activity was not recorded.

Effect – Misappropriation of assets could occur as well as inaccurate information provided in the financial statements.

Cause – The elected officials are not providing timely information to the County Auditor's office and the County Auditor's office is not following up on the missing information. Additionally, the information is not recorded in the centralized accounting system.

Recommendation – Information from the various elected officials bank accounts for such things as commissary funds, trust accounts, hot check funds, etc. should be provided to the County Auditor's office on a monthly basis. Activity for these funds should be included in the accounting software. A complete and accurate schedule of Agency Funds and Special Revenue Funds should be maintained. In addition, all special revenue activity should be recorded in the accounting software system. Although, improvement has been made, improvement is still necessary.

2021-004 General Ledger Accounts not Reconciled to Underlying Subsidiary Accounts and Records

Criteria - A primary control over accurate financial statements is the reconciliation of the subsidiary accounts to the general ledger.

Condition – The County Auditor is charged with maintaining the records of the County's financial transactions including the general ledger. We noted numerous balance sheet accounts are not being reconciled to the supporting subsidiary ledgers and accounts. This includes accruals such as receivables and liabilities, as well as, interfund transactions including due to/from and transfers.

Effect – Inaccurate financial information was provided to Commissioners' Court. Additionally, the balance sheet accounts were either over or understated.

Cause – Subsidiary Ledgers are not being compared to the corresponding general ledger accounts in the accounting software system by the County Auditor's Office.

Recommendation – Supporting subsidiary ledgers and accounts should be prepared by the appropriate department/personnel, such as the elected official, purchasing agent or grant coordinator and then audited and reconciled to the general ledger by the County Auditor's office. There has been improvement in this area in the past year.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSE ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Supporting subsidiary ledgers and accounts should be prepared by the appropriate department/personnel, such as the elected official, purchasing agent or grant coordinator and then audited and reconciled to the general ledger by the County Auditor's office. There has been improvement in this area in the past year.

2021-005 Function of the County Auditor's Office

Criteria - Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 115, Audit of County Finances, requires that at least once each quarter, the County Auditor shall check the books and shall examine in detail the reports of the county tax assessor-collector, the county treasurer, and all other officers.

Condition – As noted in several of our findings and by the previous auditor, the County Auditor's office is involved with preparing much of the financial documentation that they should be auditing. This means that they are auditing their own work. In addition, they do not have time to audit the other departments as required as they are doing work in other areas.

Effect – The County Auditor's office is auditing their own work, rather than reviewing and auditing the work of the other offices.

Cause – The office is shorthanded and is performing work that other offices should be accomplishing.

Recommendation – The County should carefully segregate the financial tasks to the appropriate department and personnel and that departments/personnel are properly trained on the financial tasks that are required of them. The County Auditor's office should audit the office of elected and appointed officials as required. In areas, where it is determined that they are auditing their own work changes should be made. The Auditor's office has audited several departments in September of 2022.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR STATE AWARDS

2021-006 Preparation of the Schedule of the Expenditures of State Awards (SESA).

Criteria – The County is responsible for the preparation for the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards (SESA). Controls should be in place to ensure complete and accurate reporting of information.

Condition – The County Grant Manger and the County Auditor's office were not able to provide an accurate Schedule of State Expenditures. The SESA had incorrect amount, did not take accruals into consideration, amount that were not grants and grants that were not recorded. The external auditor was able to determine a Single audit was necessary as part of the auditing procedures.

Effect – The County did not determine that a Single Audit was necessary to comply with Federal and State Requirements.

Cause – Tracking of the expenditures of the grants for the SESA is not accomplished until year end. The accruals, payments and prior year accruals were not considered in the preparation of the SESA.

Recommendation – Expenditure tracking for the SESA should be a continuing process. The Grant Manager should prepare the SESA and the County Auditor's office should review the SESA. We recommend training for the grants department and the auditor's office in the area of Single Audit.



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Management concurs with the audit findings and has adopted a corrective action plan as summarized below:

2020-001 Cash and Cash Equivalents

An action plan included hiring an outside consultant that reconciled the money market account and completed a standard operating procedure on reconciling bank statements. Caldwell County will either hold the Treasurer accountable or consider hiring an additional accountant and/or maintain an outside consultant to resolve this matter.

2020-002 Revenue Coding

An action plan includes the County Auditor's office/System Administrator streamlining the revenue coding and creating a template for a more user friendly format and cross training purposes. The County Auditor's office/System Administrator is working with the software company to interface the system into the main software to have less data entry by the County Treasurer's office, thus preventing errors. Scheduling for cross training from the County Auditor's office to the County Treasurer's office has been requested. We plan to accomplish this during the Summer of 2022. The County Auditor's office has met with the Departments as well as the County Treasurer's office to develop a "revenue sheet" for each department which has each revenue and liability with the corresponding general ledger account numbers. Each department will fill this in and send to the Treasurer's office. This will be directly recorded by the County Treasurer's office. The County Auditor's office is also looking into the ability to upload data from the other departments.

2020-003 Agency Funds and Special Revenue Accounts

The County Auditor's office receives and reviews the fifteen (15) agency bank accounts on a monthly basis from various departments. An action plan includes identifying the fund and/or department/division these agency accounts will be appropriated and/or allocated.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

2020-004 General Ledger Accounts not Reconciled to Underlying Subsidiary Accounts and Records

An action plan is for the County Auditor's office to continue scheduling the quarterly assessments and reconciliations. The County Auditor's office addressed taking several liabilities to Commissioner's Court for disbursement after year end.

2020-005 Function of the County Auditor's Office

An action plan is for the County Auditor's office to schedule the audits in an elected official offices as well as training the offices to complete their required duties. An additional assistant auditor/accountant is needed to train new elected officials/department heads and new personnel on the various financial responsibilities (i.e. payable, payroll, budget, etc.).

2020-006 Federal and State Grant Management

An action plan includes the Grant Administrator and staff attending Single Audit training as well as the County Auditor staff, to ensure the SEFA and SESA are adequately maintained and reviewed on a monthly basis.

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pass-Through			
	Entity	Federal		
State Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Program Title Number E			
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Feral Hog Grant Program	N/A	\$ 19,610		
TEXAS OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL				
OVAG	2110774	37,799		
Texas Victim Information and Notification Everyday Program	2110708	18,571		
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION				
Indigent Defense Formula Grant	212-21-028	27,670		
TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY				
Capital Area Council of Governments Emergency Response	20-12-01	14,405		
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES				
SIMS Training	201-20-061	8,350		
TEXAS TOBACCO ENFORECMENT PROGRAM				
Texas School Safety Center	TXST-1A-2020-5071-TSSC	14,717		
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grant	CTIF-02-028	875,693		
TEXAS VETERAN'S COMMISSION				
Veteran's Assistance Grant	GT VS020-003	28,519		
TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD				
Flood Infrastructure Fund Category 1	G1001276	92,262		
TOTAL STATE AWARDS EXPENDED		\$ 1,137,596		

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 -- BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards (SESA) includes the state grant activity for the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (Audit Circular). The Audit Circular was issued under the authority of the Texas Government Code, Chapter 783, entitled Uniform Grant and Contracts Management. This circular sets standards for obtaining consistency and uniformity among state agencies for the coordinated audit of local governments expending any state awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the county, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the County.

